

MEDN. RYAN, B. A.

✓ Pharmacological properties of the alkaloid galanthine.
G. A. Medzitskyan and B. G. Vinikova (State Stomatol.
Med. Inst., Leningrad). *Farmakol. i Toksikol.* 18, No. 5,
34-8 (1955).—Galanthine from snowdrop bulbs, stimulates
respiration and is hypotensive; it acts both through the
central nervous system and directly on the cardiovascular
system. At 0.05 g./kg. in rabbits with exptl. hypertension it
lowers blood pressure from 170-180 to 120-110 mm. It in-
hibits adrenaline secretion, raises the tonus of the small
intestine, slows peristalsis and lowers peristaltic amplitude.
It is cholimolytic and its L.D.₅₀ mice, 1.45 mg./kg.;
L.D.₅₀ 1.227 mg./kg.

Julian F. Smith

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MMDZHOYAN, A.L.; MEDNIKYAN, G.A.; BABIYAN, N.A.; GAMBURYAN, A.A.;
SHAKARYAN, Zh.A.

Study in the field of dibasic carboxylic acids. Part 27:
Dialkylaminoethyl esters of alkylthiosuccinic acids and their
curare-like activity. Izv. AN Arm.SSR. Khim. nauki 18 no.2:
186-192 '65. (MIRA 18-11)

1. Institut tonkoy organicheskoy khimii AN ArmSSR. Submitted
April 9, 1964.

MEDNIKYAN, G.A., zasluzhennyy deyat'el' nauki, doktor med. nauk, prof.

Nikolai Pavlovich Kravkov, 1865-1924; his life and scientific activity (the 100th anniversary of his birth). Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. nauki 18 no.4:82-89 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

PORTNOV, F.G., kand. med. nauk; MEDNIS, A., red.; MIRONOV, A.,
tekhn. red.

[Health resorts of Soviet Latvia] Zdravnitsy Sovetskoi
Latvii. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Riga, Latviiskoe gos. izd-
vo, 1956. 77 p. (MIRA 16:6)
(LATVIA--HEALTH RESORTS, WATERING PLACES, ETC.)

14(5)

SOV/112-59-5-9631

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1959, Nr 5, p 169 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Shteyn, S. A., Fershtenfel'd, A. A., Mednis, E. E., and
Kritskiy, Ye. L.

TITLE: Comparative Tests of Various Methods of Automatic Control for Ball Mills

PERIODICAL: Obogashcheniye rud, 1957, Nr 6, pp 55-66

ABSTRACT: Three methods of automatic control of mill operation were tested at the Noril'sk concentrating plant: constant weight of feed, constant noise, and constant circulating load; the tests were conducted from January, 1956, to April, 1957. A short description and a comparison of the above control methods are given. Seventeen illustrations.

A.A.S.

Card 1/1

MAD, I.A.; MEDNIS, E.P.

Radioactive isotopes and the tanning extract industry. Kozh.-obuv.
prom. 3 no.2:12-13 F '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Nachal'nik tekhnicheskogo otdeleniya kozhevenno-ekstraktovo-
obuvnogo kombinata "Blasma" (for Mad). 2. Nachal'nik ekstraktovogo
zavoda kozhevenno-ekstraktovo obuvnogo kombinata "Blasma" (for
Mednis).

(Tanning materials)
(Radioisotopes--Industrial applications)

CHUDARS, Ya.[Cudars,J.](Riga); TAURE,I.(Riga); MEDNIS,I.(Riga);
VEVERIS,O.(Riga)

Determination of boron concentration in the gaseous mixtures by
the help of neutron beams. In Russian. Vestis Latv ak no.3:57-64
'60. (EEAI 10:7)

1. Akademiya nauk Latvyskoy SSR, Institut fiziki.
(Boron) (Gases) (Neutrons)

MEDNIS, J.; ANDREYEVA, N., spets. red.; ZUBOVA, G., red.

[Innovations in the mechanization of repair work]
Novoe v mekhanizatsii remontno-stroitel'nykh rabot.
Riga, Latviiskii respubl. in-t nauchno-tekhn. informatsii i propagandy, 1964. 63 p. (MIRA 18:1)

MEDNIS, K.; KAKHAN, L.[translator]; PLOTKE, I., red.; AYZUPIYETE, M.
[Aizupiete, M], tekhn. red.

[IAkov Alksnis; life in aviation] IAkov Alksnis; zhizn' v aviatsii.
Pod red. K.Graudina. Riga, Latviiskoe gos. izd-vo, 1961. 160 p.
(Alksnis, IAkov Ivanovich, 1897-1937) (MIRA 14:12)

DOLGIN, I.M.; kand.geograf.nauk; NIKOLAYEVA, T.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; BASOVA, L.G., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; VORONTSOVA, L.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; DANILOVA, V.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KOVROVA, A.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SERGEYEVA, G.G., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SMIRNOVA, V.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KHARITONOVA, L.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; ALEKSANDROV, V.F., aerolog; KUZNETSOV, O.M., aerolog; MAYOROVA, L.A., aerolog; POSTNIKOVA, D.G., aerolog; SMIRNOVA, I.P., aerolog; VASIL'YEVA, R.P., tekhnik; MEDNIS, L.V., tekhnik; KHARITONOVA, V.A., tekhnik; KHRUSTALEVA, N.K., red.; DROZHZHINA, L.P., tekhn.red

[Aerological observations of Arctic stations during the period from June 30 through December 31, 1957] Aerologicheskie nabliudeniia poliarnykh stantsii s 30 iyunia po 31 dekabria 1957 g. Leningrad, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport," 1961. 994 p. (Antarkicheskie i antarkicheskie nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut Trudy, vol.243)
(MIRA 14:11)

(Arctic regions—Meteorology—Observations)

MEDNIS, Lev Vladimirovich; RAPOPORT, Yefim Naumovich; REYNOV, Mikhail Naumovich; KAMOLOVA, V.M., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Using calculating machines in shipbuilding computations] Ispol'-
zovanie schetnoi tekhniki v sudostroitel'nykh raschetakh. Pod
red. M.M.Reinova. Leningrad, Gos.soiuznoe izd-vo sudostroit. pro-
nysh., 1956. 125 p. (MLBA 9:5)
(Calculating machines) (Shipbuilding)

1. MEDNIS, M.
2. USSR (600)
4. Irrigation Farming
7. Effect of the irrigation system on different varieties of cotton. Khlopkovodstvo no. 6, 1951

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953. Unclassified.

MEDNIS, M. P.

Polivy khlopchatnika v zavisimosti of skorospelosti sorta i vysoty urozhaiia [Cotton plant
irrigation depending on the early ripening of the variety and on heaviness of yield].
Tashkent, Izd-v6 AN Uz SSR, 1953. 104 p

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol 6 No. 8 November 1953

MEDNIS, M.P.; BESEDIN, P.N., red.

[Planting cotton in square and rectangular checkrows with narrow interrows] Kvadratno-gnezdcvoi i priamougol'no-gnezdcvoi sposoby vozdelevaniia khlopchatnika na suzhennykh mezhduriad'iax. Tashkent, SAGU, 1955. 35 p. (MIRA 13:12)
(Cotton growing)

MEDNIS, M.P.

Dry matter accumulation and cotton yield in stands of different density. Fiziol.rast. 2 no.1:52-61 Ja-P '55. (MIRA 8:9)

1. Ak-Kavakskaya Tsentral'naya agrotekhnicheskaya opyt'naya stantsiya Soyuz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo khlopkovogo instituta
(Cotton) (Plants, Space arrangement of)

MEDNIS, M. P.

[Water balance of cotton planted in checkrows] Vodnyi rezhim
khlopchatnika pri kvadratno-gnezdovom sposobe poseva. Tashkent,
Izd-vo Akad. nauk UzSSR, 1956. 31 p. (MIRA 16:1)
(Cotton--Irrigation)

MEDNIS, MAKSIMILIAN PETROVICH

DUDKO, Andrey Yevstaf'yevich; MEDNIS, Maksimilian Petrovich; CHUMACHENKO, Ivan Nikolayevich; KOTIKOVA, Vera Nikolayevna; BESEDIN, P.N., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk, red.; ZHURAVLEV, B.S., red.; DEMIDOVA, L.F., tekhn.red.

[Cotton cultivation practices and the economic effectiveness of checkrowing] Agrotekhnika i ekonomicheskaya effektivnost' kvadratno- i priamougol'no-gnezdovykh posevov khlopchatnika. Pod red. P.N.Besedina. Tashkent, Gos.izd-vo Uzbekskoi SSR, 1956. 90 p. (MIRA 10:12)

(Cotton growing)

MEDNIS, N. P.

ALEKSANDROV, A.S., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; VARUMTSYAN, I.S., akademik; GUSHCHIN, B.F., agronom; MEDNIS, N.P., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SOKOLOV, F.A., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; LEGOSTAYEV, V.M., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; CHUVAKHIN, V.S., entomolog; CHUMANOV, Yakov Ignat'yevich, doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk [deceased]; CHELYSHKIN, Yu.G., redaktor; VESKOVA, Ye.I., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Cotton growing] Khlopkovodstvo. Pod red. I.A.I.Chumanova i V.S. Chuvakhina. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1956. 407 p.
(Cotton growing) (MLRA 10:9)

COUNTRY : USSR
 CATEGORY : Cultivated Plants. Commercial. Oleiferous.
 Sugar-Bearing.
 ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 4, 1959, No. 15722
 AUTHOR : Mednis, M.P.
 INST. :
 TITLE : Density of Stand and Watering Conditions of
 Cotton Plants.
 ORIG. PUB. : v sb.: Materialy Ob'yedin. nauchn. issled. po
 khlopkovodstvu. T.3. Tashkent, Gosizdat, UzSSR, *
 ABSTRACT : The findings of many research institutes are
 cited in the study of the interconnection
 of stand density and various watering conditions
 of cotton plants. With heightening of stand dens-
 ity the cotton plant reacts more sharply to im-
 provement of the soil water conditions and with
 deterioration of irrigation conditions the crop
 yield declines in greater degree than with
 sparser placement of plants. The spacing between
 waterings has to be somewhat shortened for main-
 tenance of optimal soil moisture (60 to 70 %
 CARD: 1/2 *1958, 274-281

MEDNIS, M.P.

COUNTRY : USSR
 CATEGORY : Cultivated Plants. Commercial. Oleiferous.
 SUB-CATEGORY : Sugar-Bearing.
 ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 4, 1959, No. 5721
 AUTHOR : Mednis, M.P.
 INST. :
 TITLE : Irrigation of Cotton Plants with Narrowed Inter-rows and Square-Nest Placement.
 ORIG. PUB. : V sb.: Khlopkovodstvo v SSR.,
 Sol'khoziz, 1958, 369-378
 ABSTRACT : Sowing with narrow inter-rows heightens shading and creates among the plants a higher temperature and relative air humidity, which in case of frequent waterings in large quotas determines tenderness of the plants and late ripening of the bolls. In the Tadzhik SSR when cotton plants are placed in the 60 x 60 cm and the 45 x 45 cm schemes, moisture-charging waterings are employed in winter or before the spring sowing. In meadow soils with shallow level of ground waters (1 to 2 m) this
 CARD: 1/2

CATEGORY :
 ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 4, 1959, No. 15721
 AUTHOR :
 INST. :
 TITLE :
 ORIG. PUB. :
 ABSTRACT makes it possible to carry out the first vegeta-
 tion watering in the budding phase and even at
 the start of flowering. In sierozems with deep
 ground water level retention of the first water-
 ing to budding can have an unfavorable effect on
 the accumulation of the cotton crop. The use is
 recommended of portable pipe-drains for economy
 of irrigation water and raising the productivity
 of labor, and also doing the watering of each
 consolidated section not more frequently than in
 two to three days. -- B.L. Klyuchko-Gurvich
 CARD: 2/2

SOKOLOV, F.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KOKUYEV, V.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; SHAFRIN, A.N., zasl. agr. Uzb. SSR; KONDRATYUK, V.P., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; MALINKIN, N.P., doktor sel'khoz. nauk; YEREMENKO, V.Ye., doktor sel'khoz. nauk [deceased]; MEDNIS, M.P., kand. biol. nauk; FILIPPENKO, G.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; USPENSKIY, F.M., kand. biol. nauk; SOLOV'YEVA, A.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; PRUGALOV, A.M., kand. sel'khoz. nauk [deceased]; ZAKIROV, T.S., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; FRENKIN, V.M., zasl. mekhanizator UzSSR; GORELIK, I.M., red.; ABBASOV, T., tekhn. red.

[Cultivation practices in cotton growing] Agrotekhnika
khlochatnika. Tashkent, Gos. izd-vo UzSSR, 1963. 326 p.
(MIRA 17:1)

(Uzbekistan--Cotton growing)

MEDNIS, Ya.

"Malysh," the portable electric hoist. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 10 no.10:
27-28 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Zaveduyushchiy proizvodstvom remontno-stroitel'noy kontory No.1
Proletarskogo rayona, g.Riga.
(Riga--Hoisting machinery--Electric driving)

MEDNIS, Ya.

"Malysh -1" portable hoist. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 11 no.2:25 F '61.
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Zaveduyushchiy proizvodstvom remontno-stroitel'noy kontory No.1
Proletarskogo rayona, g. Riga.
(Hoisting machinery)
(Apartment houses--Maintenance and repair)

MEDNIS, Ya. [Mednis, J.]

Portable combined stand and workbench. Zhil.-kom.khoz. 12
nc.6:22 Je '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Starshiy master Remontno-stroitel'nogo upravleniya, Riga.
(Buildings—Repair and reconstruction)

MEDNIS, Ya. [~~Mednis, J.~~]

Multipurpose little electric machine. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 13 no.1:26-27
'63. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Zaveduyushchiy proizvodstvom remontno-stroitel'nogo upravleniya,
Riga.

(Electric machinery)

MEDNIS, Ya. [Mednis, J.]

Attachment for the "Malysh-1" crane. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 11 no.12:
32-33 D '61. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Starshiy master remontno-stroitel'nogo upravleniya Proletarsko-
go rayona, g. Kiga.

38185. MEDNIS, YA. A.

Podkormochnoye opryskivaniye tsvetkov (tsvetushchego travostoya)
krasnogo klevs i drugikh rasteniy kak priem povysheniya urozhaynosti.
Trudy Vsesoyuz. Opyt. stantsii zhivotnovodstva, vyp. 1, 1949, s. 159-80.
Bibliogr: 10 Nazv.

MEONIS, YA. A.

Plants - Nutrition

Feeding plants through leaves.

Sov. agron 10, No. 7, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, September 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

MEDNIS, YA. A.

Straw

Processing straw and chaff for cattle. Sots. zhiv. 14 no. 3, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952 Uncl.

Country : USSR
 CATEGORY : CULTIVATED PLANTS. Grains. Leguminous Grains.
 ABS. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 1 1959, No. 1578

AUTHOR : Mednis, Ya. A.
 INST. : Yaroslavl' Agric. Inst.
 TITLE : Crossrow Planting with Ordinary and Narrow Row Drills.

CRIG. PUB. : Tr. Yaroslavsk. s.-kh. in-ta, 1957, 4, 124-133

ABSTRACT : Experiments and production planting of grain crops by the crossrow method have been made in Yaroslavskaya Oblast since 1934. In the experiment made by Yaroslavl' Agricultural Institute with row placement of oats the number of plants on 1 m² was 306, while with crossrow sowing it was 371; bushiness was correspondingly 1.1 and 1.2; the number of grains in 50 panicles was 1016 and 1467; their weight was 39.3 and 51.2 g; the grain

MRD: 1/2

COUNTRY :
CATEGORY :

CULTIVATED PLANTS.

ABS. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 1 1959, No. 1578

AUTHOR :
INST. :
TITLE :

CRIG. PUB. :

ABSTRACT : yield was 12.33 and 15.56 centners per ha.
In 1953 when flax was sown by the ordinary
row method with 15 cm between the rows 25.0
centners per ha. of straw and 4.89 of seeds
were harvested, with narrow rows having 7.5
cm space between the rows they were 4.98
and 0.13 centners per ha. higher, while the
yield boost ran up to 10.65 and 0.84 cnt/ha
with crossrow-narrowrow planting. Diamond
summer wheat grain yield reached 21.4 cnt/ha

CARD: 2/3

USSR / Soil Science. Cultivation. Melioration, Erosion. J

Abstr Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 21, 1958, 95779.

Author : Modnis, Ya. A.; Karetin, N. I.

Inst : Yaroslavl Agricultural Institute.

Title : Differential Plowing. (Preliminary Report).

Orig Pub: Tr. Yaroslavsk., s.-kh. in-ta, 1957, 4, 324-325.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/4716

Medniyek, Bruno Ernestovich, and Vol'demar Petrovich Busha

Mnogopozitsionnyye shtampovochnyye avtomaty (Automatic Multistation Stamping Machines) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1960. 47 p. 5,000 copies printed.

Reviewer: M. I. Sverdlov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ed.: D. A. Vayntraub;
Ed. of Publishing House: A. I. Varkovetskaya; Tech. Ed.: O. V. Speranskaya;
Managing Ed. for Literature on Machine-Building Technology (Leningrad
Department, Mashgiz): Ye. P. Naumov, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for technical personnel in stamping
production and may also be useful to qualified workers.

COVERAGE: The authors describe the construction and operation of automatic
stamping presses produced at the Rzhskiy zavod VEF (Valsts Elektrotehniska
Fabrika--State Electrotechnical Factory in Riga). These multistation machines,
with a pressure up to 1.5 tons, produce blanks from band. The blanks are con-
nected with each other, and separated only at the last operation. Steel and

Card ~~1/3~~

Automatic Multistation (Cont.)

SOV/4716

nonferrous band are the materials worked. No personalities are mentioned.
There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Introduction	3
1. General Information on the Arrangement of Multistation Automatic Stamping Presses	5
2. Automatic Forming Presses for Making [Small] Parts With Plane Portions	9
3. Automatic Forming Presses for Making [Small] Parts With Cylindrical Portions	17
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5. Automatic Forming-and-Assembling Machines	28

Card-2/3

MEDNOV, A.

Life confirms, "right!" Okhr. truda i sots. strakh. 5 no.9:6-7
S '62. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Nachal'nik Tsentral'noy laboratorii ventilyatsii i kondi-
tsionirovaniya vozdukha.
(Dnepropetrovsk region--Factories--Air conditioning)

MEDNOV, G.

We fulfill our obligations. Zhil.-kom. khoz. ll no.7:13 J1 '61.
(MIRA 14:7)

(Moscos--Water supply)

MEDNOV, N.

"A wire for the tuning dial."

So. Radio, Vol. 2, p. 51, 1952

S/262/62/000/002/010/017
1008/1208

AUTHOR: Rajsigl, František and Medo, Desider

TITLE: A valve for braking by means of the engine

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vypusk. 42. Silovyye ustanovki, no. 2, 1962. 55, abstract 42.2.305. P. Czech. patent, class 46b¹, 23, 63c, 51/13, no. 92471, October 15, 1959

TEXT: A design is proposed of a double valve installed in the cylinder head of a four stroke engine. The valve head can move within certain limits along the stem. The stem is made as a second valve and has a thickening on the valve head. As braking is commenced a lever from the driver's cabin opens the valve completely and as braking is continued the stem moves partly and opens the second valve. Simultaneously the engine's fuel pump is disconnected. There are 3 figures. ✓

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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MEDO, Martin, inz.

Unification of plywood products may reduce the consumption of wood. Drevo 18 no.8:287-290 Ag '63.

1. Preglejka, n.p., Zarnovica.

86868

S/141/60/003/005/023/026
E192/E382

9.1700 (also 3402)

AUTHORS: Shtyrov, A.I. and Medoks, A.G.

TITLE: Investigation of the Electrical Homogeneity of a
Periodic Structure by the Interference Method

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy,
Radiofizika, 1960, Vol. 3, No. 5, pp. 906 - 907

TEXT: It was pointed out in an earlier work (Ref. 1) that the interference method can be used for determining the position of individual nonhomogeneities in periodic structures. The experimental investigation of this possibility was effected by means of equipment consisting of a signal-generator operating at wavelengths of 16-33 cm, a T-attenuator permitting in-phase feeding of a pair of electrical antennae and a rectangular comb structure having a height $h = 3.8$ cm. A special mechanism was employed for controlling the distances between antennae and moving the antennae along the comb structure. The measurements were carried out at a wavelength of $\lambda = 16.5$ cm, which corresponded to the $c/v_{\Phi} = 2.7$ (v_{Φ} is the

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S/141/60/003/005/023/026
E192/E382

Investigation of the Electrical Homogeneity of a Periodic Structure by the Interference Method

phase velocity of the wave). An inhomogeneity was introduced into the comb structure (one groove was closed) and the standing-wave pattern was taken by means of a movable indicator probe. It was found that determining the position of the non-homogeneity by this method presented some difficulties since this was based on the distortion of the standing-wave pattern. The problem was even more complicated if several non-homogeneities were present. Consequently, the comb structure with the same inhomogeneity was investigated by the interference method by means of two movable in-phase antennae whose distance was $\lambda/2$, λ being the length of the wave slowed down in the comb structure. While moving a pair of such antennae through the region occupied by the nonhomogeneity the symmetry of excitation of the system was perturbed and the indicator probe showed a peak which is characteristic of the interference pattern. Such a peak is illustrated in Fig. 2. Similar

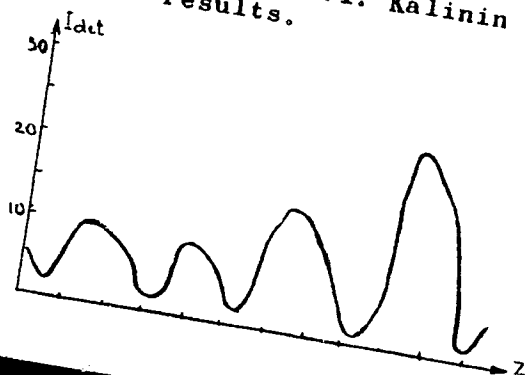
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86868

S/141/60/003/005/023/026
E192/E382

Investigation of the Electrical Homogeneity of a Periodic Structure by the Interference Method

measurements were carried out for the case of a nonhomogeneity formed by two wires shorting two neighbouring grooves at a depth equal to one-half the depth of the comb structure. The above method permits determination of the position of a homogeneity with an error of the order $\sqrt{2}$. The authors express their gratitude to V.I. Kalinin and G.M. Gershteyn for discussing the results.

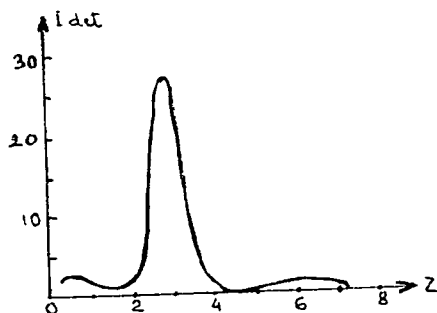


Card 3/4

86868

S/141/60/003/005/023/026
E192/E382

Investigation of the Electrical Homogeneity of a Periodic
Structure by the Interference Method



There are 2 figures and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet
(Saratov State University)

SUBMITTED: December 17, 1959

Card 4/4

COMMON ELEMENTS																										RARE EARTH ELEMENTS																										METALS																										NON-METALS																										GASES																										LIQUIDS																										SOLIDS																																																																																																							
1ST AND 2ND ORDERS																																																																																																																																		3RD AND 4TH ORDERS																																																																																																																																	
Compounds of quinquivalent phosphorus. I. Triphenyl- α-naphthylphosphonium salts. H. V. Melniks. <i>J. Gen. Chem.</i> (U. S. S. R.) 8, 298-301 (1938). Cf. Dodonov and Medon, <i>C. A.</i> 22, 3150. — $[Ph_3(\alpha-C_{10}H_7)P]^+ Br^-$ is formed on passing an O current into a mixt. of $\alpha-C_{10}H_7MgBr$ and PPh_3 in Et_2O and decomg. the reaction mixt. with 18.5% HBr. It could not be purified by dissolving in $CHCl_3$ and pptg. with Et_4N^+. The <i>iodide</i>, m. 270°, is prepd. from the bromide with KI in H_2O. The <i>hydrazide</i>, obtained from the iodide with $AgOH$, could not be acpd. from the aq. soln. Chas. Blum																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
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MEADOWS, H.V.

action of the Grignard reagent on silicon tetrafluoride. H. V. Meadows, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* (U.S.S.R.), 8, 201-3 (1938); cf. C. A. 32, 631. $-\text{PhCH}_2\text{MgCl}$ with SiF_4 at room temp. gave $(\text{PhCH}_2)_2\text{SiF}_2$, b.p. 218.5° , m. 76° , and some $(\text{PhCH}_2)_3\text{SiF}$, m. 127.5° .

ASSOCIATE METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

[illegible]

COMMON ELEMENTS										PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX										COMMON ELEMENTS									
ca										10										10									
Preparation of 3-sulfate-4-hydroxybenzoic acid. H. V. Modica and N. K. Dobrovolsky. J. Gen. Chem. (U. S. S. R.) 10, 705-6 (1940).—3,4-KO₂S(HO)C₆H₃CO₂H was prepd. in 98% yield from 10 g. of powd. dry p-HOC₆H₄CO₂H and 24 g. of 10% oleum by digesting the mixt. on a water bath for 0.5 hr., adding in the cold 100 ml. of ice water and pptg. with satd. KCl. Chas. Blanc																													
ASB-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																													
REGION 1										REGION 2										REGION 3									

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Determination of permanganic acid by the precipitation
method. H. V. Medoks and A. V. Krylov. *J. Applied Chem. (U. S. S. R.)* 13, 1829-30(1940). — MnO_3^- forms an insol. compd. with tetraphenylphosphonium ion $(Ph_4P)^+$ which is stable and can be weighed. A. A. P.

ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

EDNHI 60M10V

EDNHI 60M10V

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7

DETERMINATION OF MANGANESE AS TETRAPHENYL PHOSPHONIUM PERMANGANATE. G. V. Melnik and N. N. Markevich. *Zhur. Anal. Khim.* 1, 310 (1946). A method is described for detg. Mn gravimetrically as $(C_6H_5)_4P^+MnO_4^-$. This method was tested on purified $KMnO_4$. Dissolve the sample in 50 ml. of H_2O . Add H_2SO_4 to reduce MnO_4^- and heat to drive off SO_2 . Cool, add 5.2 ml. of concd. H_2SO_4 , and transfer the soln. to an aq. soln. contg. 100 ml. of 1.5 N H_2SO_4 , a little $AgNO_3$, and 0.8 g. $(NH_4)_2S_2O_8$. Heat at 35-60° to oxidize Mn^{++} to MnO_4^- . Heat the soln. on a water bath for 30-45 min. to decomp. excess $(NH_4)_2S_2O_8$ and then add 50 ml. of $(C_6H_5)_4PNO$ soln. (a slight excess over the quantity required to give $(C_6H_5)_4P^+MnO_4^-$ after standing overnight, decant the supernatant liquid through a Gooch crucible, wash ppt. several times with H_2O , dry over H_2SO_4 in a vacuum to const. wt.

M. Horch

ASAC-15-A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

43001 374 02000

THROUGH H2P CHY ORS

STILLSTONE

43001 374 02000

1ST AND 2ND COLUMNS																										3RD AND 4TH COLUMNS																									
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CA																										18																									
Production of alumina from ferruginous clays. Ya. Ya. Dodonov, G. V. Medoks, and E. M. Soshestvenskaya (Saratov State Univ.). <i>J. Applied Chem. (U.S.S.R.)</i> 20, 870-4 (1947) (in Russian).—Clays poor in Al_2O_3 (18.24–21.60%) contg. Fe_2O_3 3.11–3.84, SiO_2 43.84–52.63 were extd. successfully with the theoretical amt. of 62.5% H_2SO_4; neither the often recommended excess or a deficit of acid is of advantage. A temp. up to 125° higher than the commonly recommended 70–105° is advantageous. With 10-g. samples, complete extn. was reached in 2 hrs., longer times being necessary with greater amts. Sepn. of Al_2O_3 from Fe_2O_3 by $NaOH$ proved impracticable, owing to difficulty of filtration. A convenient procedure consists in evapg. the sulfate soln. to beginning of crysln., pptg. with Na_2CO_3, drying to a hard mass and extg. with boiling H_2O; the Na_2SO_4 soln. is filtered off and the washed residue treated $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. with boiling $NaOH$; filtration from the $Fe(OH)_3$ is then relatively fast. The Al_2O_3, pptd. from the soln. with CO_2 or with concd. NH_4Cl, is 99.9% pure. The yields are up to 63% of theory. Heating of the clay with $(NH_4)_2SO_4$, 124% of the wt. of the clay, at 300 and at 400°, yielded 30–31 and 52.3% of the Al_2O_3; at 400°, the yields rose to 57.1–60.5% with clay preliminarily ignited at 500°, 2 hrs. Fusion with $NaHSO_4$ at 400–450°, 3 yrs., yielded 55.7% of the Al_2O_3. Fusion with Na_2CO_3, 450–450%, at 1100°, 6–17 hrs., with subsequent extn. with boiling H_2O, gave yields of only 2–10% Al_2O_3. N. Thon																																																			
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Technology of preparing aluminum from ferruginous clays. YA. YA. DUDINOV, G. V. MEDVED, AND B. M. SUMESTVANSKIYA. *Zhur. Priklad. Khim.*, 20 (9) 570-74 (1947).—Three methods were tried, using ferruginous clays containing 18.51 to 20.34% Al_2O_3 with 62.5% H_2SO_4 in contact. Clay was treated at 125° with 62.5% H_2SO_4 in amounts necessary to convert the oxides into sulfates. Duration of treatment varied with the quantity of clay: used per batch; for a 10-gm. sample 2 hr. was sufficient. The reaction products were then washed with boiling water, and the solution was separated from the aluminum sulfate, and the solution was filtered under reduced pressure. The precipitate, after filtration under reduced pressure, was washed with hot water and the filtrates were combined. The filtrates were evaporated to the point of crystallization. The filtrates, and the thickened mass was mixed with calcined or crystallized soda in amounts sufficient to precipitate the Al and Fe completely as hydroxides. The contents the Al and Fe completely as hydroxides. The contents were then heated on an air bath to obtain a solid mass, treated with boiling water, and filtered, the precipitate being washed several times with water. The washed precipitate was heated for 30 min. with near boiling water and caustic soda, and the concentrated solution of sodium aluminate was filtered under reduced pressure. The precipitate of iron hydroxide was washed several times with hot water. The filtrates were combined and heated to boiling; $Al(OH)_3$ was precipitated by adding a concentrated solution of NH_4Cl or passing a stream of CO_2 into the solution. The precipitate was filtered, washed, dried, and calcined; the yield of Al_2O_3 was 63%. (2) Ammonium sulfate method. Clay was heated with 104° by weight of 3% ammonium sulfate solution to boiling; the ammonium sulfate was separated by filtration and washed, and the filtrates were combined and treated in a manner analogous to that in method 1 above. Yield was up to 60% alumina. (3) Alkali method. Clay was mixed with 35% soda to 450%, by weight of calcined soda and heated to 1100° for 6 to 17 hr. The formation of a distinctly liquid melt was not observed. The product of the reaction was extracted with boiling water, and the extracts were found to contain only 2 to 10.1% of the alumina in the clay. G. Z. K.

OPEN

MATERIALS INDEX

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USSR/Chemistry - Organophosphorus
Compounds

Nov 52

"Triphenylbiphenylphosphonium Salts," G. V. Medoks
and V. F. Andronova, Chem Lab, Saratov Agri Inst

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol 22, No 11 pp 2058-2060

238741

Triphenylaryl phosphonium and triphenylalkyl-
phosphonium salts have recently assumed much
greater practical significance, due to the use of
some of them in analytical chemistry and for the
sepn of elements quite similar in properties.
These substances are also valuable as insecticides.
They are also used for the protection of woollens

238741

and furs from moths. There is a possibility of
these compds being used in medicine and also as
plasticizers and dye fixatives. For the reaction
of triphenylphosphine with halogen substituted
compds of the aromatic series, a new catalyst
(CuCl) has been proposed which has certain advan-
tages over anhydrous AlCl₃ (side reactions are
avoided, etc). The salts of triphenyl-4-biphenyl-
phosphonium and a soln of the free base were ob-
tained.

(CA 47 no. 18: 9240 '53)

238741

Medoks G. V.

G.V. MEDOKS, YE. M. SOSHESTVENSKAYA, N.N. SAKHAROVA

Oct. 52

USSR/Chemistry - Phosphorous Organic Compounds

"Preparation of Tetraphenylphosphonium Bromide," G. V. Medoks, Ye. M. Soshestvenskaya, N.N. Sakharova

Zhur Prikl Khim, Vol 25, No. 10, pp 1111-1114

A new variation of a method for preparing tetraphenylphosphonium bromide was developed. It was demonstrated that the new method is preferable to the original variation described earlier. (Ya, Dodonov, G. Medoks, Berichte Vol 61, p.907, 1928)

(CA 47 no.19: 9931 '53)

263 T 54

MEEDOKS, G.V.; MASLOVA, L.A.

Preparation of phosphorus tribromide. Zhur.neogr.khim. 1 no.8:
1929-1930 Ag '56. (MLBA 9:11)

1. Saratovskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Phosphorus bromides)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033220003-7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033220003-7"

MEDOKS, G.V.; SOSHESTVENSKAYA, Ye.M.

Interaction of phenylmagnesium bromide with silicon tetrachloride.
Zhur.ob.khim. 26 no.1:116-118 Ja '56. (MLBA 9:5)

1. Saratovskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Magnesium compounds) (Silicon chlorides)

MEDOKS, G.V.

Double salts of lanthanum, cerium, praseodymium, and neodymium
with triphenylbenzylphosphonium nitrate. Zhur.ob.khim. 26 no.2:
382-384 F '56. (KIRA 9:8)

1. Saratovskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Rare earth metals) (Phosphonium compounds) (Salts, Double)

MEDOKS, G. V.

493

AUTHORS: Medoks, G.V., and Soshestvenskaya, Ye. M.

TITLE: Derivation of Nitrates of Tetrasubstituted Phosphonium and Arsonium Bases (O poluchenii nitratov chetyrekhzameshchennykh fosfoniyevykh i arsoniyevykh osnovaniy)

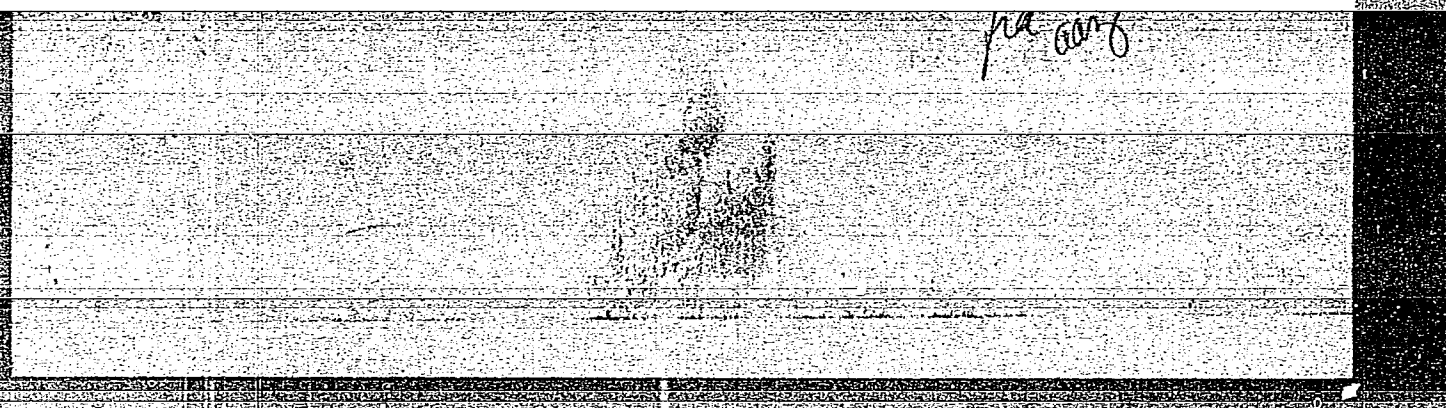
PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1957, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 271-272 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: Nitrates of tetrasubstituted phosphonium and arsonium bases can be used in analytical chemistry and for the derivation of double bonds with nitrates of rare earth elements which in many instances differ in solubility and melting point. Such nitrates are usually prepared by nitric acid neutralization of the free bases which in turn are obtained from the reaction of halide salts with a suspension consisting of water and silver oxide or through double decomposition of halide bases with silver nitrate, and in some cases also with nitric acid. A method of obtaining nitrates of tetrasubstituted phosphonium and arsonium bases from ammonium chlorides, or bromides and nitrate without the application of silver compounds, is described. Taking into consideration the poor water-solubility of certain nitrates of phosphonium and arsonium bases as compared with homologous

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033220003-7"

AUTHOR:

Medoks, G. V.

20-6-20/47

TITLE:

On the Double Salts of Lanthanum, Cerium, Praseodymium and Neodymium With Triphenylbenzylarsonium Nitrate (O dvoynnykh solyakh lantana, tseriya, prazeodima i neodima s nitratom trifenilbenzilarsoniya)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady AN SSSR, 1957, Vol. 117, Nr 6, pp. 993-995 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

As it was already found earlier (references 1, 2), tetraphenylphosphonium-nitrate and -chloride form the double salts, mentioned in the title, with the nitrates and chlorides of the above-mentioned four metals. These salts may be well crystallized from ethanol and several other organic solvents. Water decomposes them into their components. In dissolving such compounds in organic solvents a partial dissociation of the complex ions takes place. This dissociation is intensified by addition of chloroform, as it forms crystal-"solvates" with these salts which are well soluble in chloroform. The above-mentioned double salts of such related elements as neodymium and praseodymium have a very different solubility. It become evident, that triphenylbenzyl-arsonium-hydroxy-nitrate is comparatively easily

Card 1/3

On the Double Salts of Lanthanum, Cerium, Praseodymium and Neodymium With Triphenylbenzylarsonium Nitrate 20-6-20/47

accessible and is at the same time capable of forming these double salts with the nitrates of the elements of the cerium-group. The crystals from ethanol as small plates which have different melting points and which are under the action of water decomposed into their components. From 96° ethyl alcohol these nitrates were separated without water or alcohol of crystallization and corresponded to the composition: $E(NO_3)_3 \cdot 2(C_6H_5 \cdot CH_2)ASNO_3$, where E is an atom of La, Ce, Pr or Nd. The solubility of these double salts in ethanol decreased from the lanthanum- to the neodymium-salt, i. e. with increasing stability of the complex ion $(E(NO_3)_5)^{-2}$. The solubility on that occasion was higher than that of the corresponding double salts of tetraphenylphosphonium-hydroxide. In a kind of experimental part the production-specifications together with the constants and the properties of the above-mentioned substances are described. There are 4 references, 2 of which are Slavic.

Card 2/3

· On the Double Salts of Lanthanum, Cerium, Praseodymium and
Neodymium With Triphenylbenzylarsonium Nitrate

20-6-20/47

ASSOCIATION: ~~Saratov State Agricultural Institute~~ (Saratovskiy
gosudarstvennyy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut)

PRESENTED: October 3, 1957, by I. I. Chernyayev, Academician.

SUBMITTED: February 10, 1955

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

Medoks, G.V.

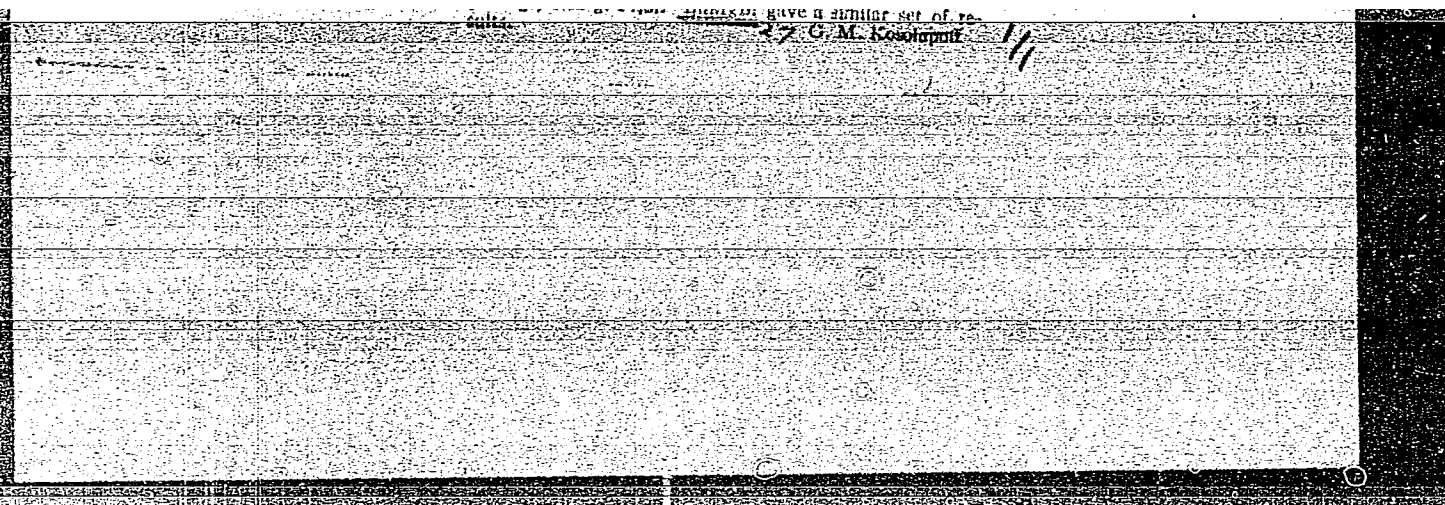
✓ Mobility of fluoride ions of salts of fluosilicic acid dependent on the radii of their cations. G.V. Medoks and E. M. Soshestrvenskaya (Agr. Inst., Saratov). *Zhur. Obshchei Khim.* 27, 1007-2008 (1957); *cf. C.A.* 31, 12378g. — The yields of tetrasubstituted silanes in the reaction of alkali fluosilicates with Grignard reagents are linearly dependent on the radii of the cations. Thus, treating PrMgBr with the Li salt, evapng. the Et_2O , and heating the residue to 160-70° (the exothermic reaction required momentary cooling) gave, after treatment with aq. HCl , Pr_4Si (from 3.12 g. Li salt and 63 g. PrBr). — The Na salt (4.70 g.) heated at 160-70°

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001033220003-7"

MEDOKS, G.V.; MASLOVA, L.A.

Volumetric analysis of manganese by means of tetraphenylphosphonium salts. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; khim.i khim.tekh. 3 no.6:1103-1104 '60.
(MIRA 14:4)

1. Saratovskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut, kafedra organicheskoy i neorganicheskoy khimii.

(Manganese--Analysis)

S/079/60/030/05/51/074
B005/B125

AUTHORS: Medoks, G. V., Ozerskaya, L. Ye.

TITLE: The Problem of the Production of n-Amyl Alcohol From
Trioxymethylene and n-Butyl Magnesium Bromide

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 5, pp. 1643-1644

TEXT: The authors of the present report synthesized n-amyl alcohol from trioxymethylene and n-butyl magnesium bromide with the aid of a Grignard reaction. The organo-magnesium compound was added in a 9.6 per cent excess with respect to the stoichiometrically required amount. With the aid of this method n-amyl alcohol can be produced with a yield of 92.3% of the theoretical. The carrying out of the synthesis is thoroughly described in an experimental part. After mixing the two initial products in absolute ether, the flask has to be cooled with cold water. The reaction mixture is then kept for five days at 25-26° with periodic shaking. One thus succeeds in solidifying the reaction products. The mixture is then cooled with ice-water and cautiously decomposed with ten-per cent hydrochloric acid, whereby butane is removed. The ethereal layer is separated,

Card 1/2

The Problem of the Production of n-Amyl Alcohol
From Trioxymethylene and n-Butyl Magnesium
Bromide

S/079/60/030/05/51/074
B005/B125

washed with a saturated sodium bisulfite solution, and then kept over a saturated sodium bisulfite solution for two days with periodic shaking, until the reaction on formaldehyde with Schiff's reagent proves negative. Here, the ethereal solution is filtered and dried over calcium carbonate. After distilling the ether in the double boiler, the oily liquid is fractionated. The fraction with the boiling range 137.6-138.2° is the desired product. When the synthesis is carried out under analogous conditions but without the careful separation of the unused trioxymethylene described, a product is obtained which must be separated from the di-n-amyl-formal impurity by fractionating several times. This impurity forms in the course of the distillation from n-amyl alcohol and the trioxymethylene still present. There are 3 references. ✓

ASSOCIATION: Saratovskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut (Saratov Institute
of Agriculture)

SUBMITTED: May 11, 1959

Card 2/2

MEDOKS, T. S.

PA 12/49T88

USSR/Medicine - Food Poisoning
Medicine - Food, Sanitation

May 48

"Prophylactic Measures Against Food Poisoning,"
T. S. Medoks, 4 pp

"Fel'dsher i Akusherka" No 5

Lists causes of food poisoning.. Describes prophylactic measures.

12/49T88

MEDOKS, T. S.

25952. Medoks, T. S. Sanitarno-gigienicheskiye tretovaniya K obshchestvennomu pitaniyu v polevykh sel'skokhozyaystvennykh brigadakh. Fel'dsheri akusherka, 1949, No 7, s. 33-38

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', Vol. 1, 1955

MEDOKS, T.S., vrach.

Carbonated water. Zdorov'e 4 no.9:30 S '58
(CARBONATED BEVERAGES)

(MIRA 11:10)

MEDOKS, T.S., vrach

Is saccharin harmful? Zdorov'ie 5 no.4:31 Ap '59.

(MIRA 12:4)

(SACCHARIN)

MEDOKS, T.S., vrach

Preserving fruits and vegetables at home. Zdorov'e 6 no.8:30 Ag
'60. (MIRA 13:8)

(CANNING AND PRESERVING)

KOVARSKIY, A.G.; MEDOKS, T.S.; Primali uchastiye: GLEBOVA, L.F.;
SMIRNOV, S.M.; IANIN, L.V.; ZHDANOV, V.M., prof., red.;
KHRISTOV, L.N., red.; KNAKIN, M.T., tekhn. red.

[Collection of official materials relating to laboratory work]
Sbornik ofitsial'nykh materialov po laboratornomu delu. Mo-
skva, Medgiz. Book 1. [Manual for laboratory doctors, sanita-
tion doctors, and epidemiologists] V pomoshch' vracham-
laborantam, sanitarnym vracham i vracham-epidemiologam. 1961.
462 p. (MIRA 15:2)

(MEDICAL LABORATORIES) (BIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES)
(CHEMICAL LABORATORIES)

KOVARSKIY, A.G.; MEDOKS, T.S.; ZHDANOV, V.M., prof., red.; KHRISTOV,
L.N., red.; ZAKHAROVA, A.I., tekhn. red.

[Collection of official materials relating to laboratory work]
Sbornik ofitsial'nykh materialov po laboratornomu delu. Moskva,
Medgiz. Book 2. [Manual for technicians in laboratories and
sanitation and epidemiological stations, and for sanitation
doctors and epidemiologists] V pomoshch' rabotnikam laboratorii,
sanitarno-epidemiologicheskikh stantsii, sanitarnomu vrachu,
vrachu-epidemiologu. 1961. 967 p. (MIRA 15:2)

(MEDICAL LABORATORIES) (BIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES)

(CHEMICAL LABORATORIES)

SKEP'YAN, N.A., vrach; MELOKS, T.S., vrach; SIDEL'NIKOVA, T.Ya., kand.
med.nauk; GUNDOROVA, R.A., kand.med.nauk; KRISTMAN, V.I., kand.
med.nauk; GUSAROVA, A.S., kand.med.nauk; MARSHAK, M.S., prof.

How to keep well. Zdorov'e 8 no.12:28-29 D '62. (MIRA 16:1)
(HYGIENE)

MEDOKS, T.S., NEFED'YEVA, N.P., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Organization of sanitary supervision and scientific work in the field of food hygiene in Rumania. Gig. i san. 28 no.1:90-94 Ja'63.

(MIRA 16:7)

1. Iz Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR i Instituta pitaniya AMN SSSR.

2. Starshiy gosudarstvennyy sanitarnyy inspektor Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (for Medoks)

(RUMANIA—FOOD INDUSTRY—SANITATION)

PROKOF'YEV, Vasil'y Platonovich; SUPONITSKIY, M.Ya., dots., kand.
med. nauk, retsenzent; STREMLINA, S.M., retsenzent; MEDOKS,
T.S., retsenzent; VUL'FOVICH, V.O., spets. red.; RAUBE, P.V.,
inzh., spets. red.; FUKS, V.K., red.

[Industrial sanitation in food industry enterprises] Proiz-
vodstvennaia sanitariia na predpriatiiakh pishchevoi pro-
myshlennosti. Moskva, Pishchevaia promyshlennost', 1964.
295 p. (MIRA 18:3)

24.6716

S/058/62/000/004/138/160
A061/A101

AUTHORS: Golubkov, P. V., Bakhrakh, L. E., Kozel', I. Sh., Kozlov, I. G.,
Medoks, V. G.

TITLE: A study of some electron beam properties

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 4, 1962, 16, abstract 4Zh106
"Uch. zap. Saratovsk. un-t", 1960, v. 69, 41 - 56)

TEXT: This is a report of results obtained from theoretical and experimental investigations of the structure of long electron beams of different configurations, moving in focusing fields. The pulsation factor of the internal and external boundaries of the hollow-cylindrical electron beam focused in constant and intermittent magnetic fields is calculated and represented graphically. It is shown how the pulsation factor can be restricted to given limits in a wide range of the beam voltage variation. Formulas and the respective diagrams concerning the pulsation of the internal and external boundaries of the hollow-cylindrical electron beam in centrifugal and electrostatic focusing are obtained. It is shown that pulsation is determined by the radial ratio of the internal and

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A study of some electron beam properties

S/058/62/000/004/138/160
A061/A101

external boundaries of the beam. The effect of the space charge is considered. The density distribution over the cross section of the electron beam and the pulsation factor of its boundaries are experimentally investigated using a special mobile system of collectors. The curves of density distribution are plotted from (experimental) points, and are also observed by oscilloscope. The strip beam and the hollow-cylindrical beam in the longitudinal magnetic field are investigated. The distribution of electron velocities in electron beams is investigated experimentally. A cylindrical capacitor is used as velocity analyzer. The study was conducted in different beam cross sections, in a significant range of accelerating voltages and at different pressures of the residual gas. The existence of two maxima in the curve of velocity distribution is shown. The possible causes of this phenomenon are considered. ✓

G. Sh.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

34036

S/109/62/007/001/014/027

D266/D301

9,3130 (1003,1140,1141)

AUTHORS: Bakhrakh, L.E., and Medoks, V.G.

TITLE: Effect of thermal velocities on the spread of an electron beam

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 7, no. 1, 1962,
120 - 125

TEXT: The purpose of the paper is to study the electron trajectories of an electron beam in the presence of transverse thermal velocities. A simple model is adopted where an electron beam, obtained from a convergent gun, expands under the influence of its own space-charge forces. The authors begin the analysis with Newton's equation for the motion of an outer electron of a cylindrical electron beam. Assuming a slowly varying beam diameter the space-charge force is obtained from the Gauss theorem in the usual manner. Thermal velocities are taken into account by assuming that the electrons obey the gas laws. The pressure is then calculated and the force is obtained in the form $p_1 = 2kT/r$ where k - Boltzman constant, T - ab-

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Effect of thermal velocities on the ... ³⁴⁰³⁶
S/109/62/007/001/014/027
D266/D301

solute temperatures, r - radius of the outer electron. Using the equation $Tr^2 = T_c r_c^2$ where T_c - cathode temperature, r_c - cathode radius, the authors arrive at:

$$\frac{d^2R}{dX^2} = \frac{A}{2R} + \frac{B}{R^3} \quad (4)$$

where R and X are normalized variables, and A and B are constants. Integrating (4) twice (first analytically and then numerically) the trajectory of the outer electron is obtained. The author compares his results with the more rigorous theory of W.E. Danielson et al. (Ref. 2: B.S.T.J. 1956, 35, 2, 375) and claims that his method leads roughly to the same agreement with experiments. Similar calculations are conducted for beams of a rectangular cross-section, in which case the trajectory equation is obtained in terms of tabulated functions (elliptic integrals). There are 7 figures and 5 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 3 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English language publications read as follows: C.C. Cutler, M. E. Hines, Proc. IRE, 1955, 43, 3, 307; W.E. Danielson, J.L. Rosen-

Card 2/3

34036

S/109/62/007/001/014/027

Effect of thermal velocities on the ... D266/D301

feld, J.A. Saloom, Bell system Techn. J., 1957, 35, 2, 375.

SUBMITTED: June 19, 1961

Card 3/3

+

ACCESSION NR: AP4009984

S/0109/64/009/001/0126/0131

AUTHOR: Bakhrakh, L. E.; Medoks, V. G.

TITLE: Thermal velocity effect in magnetically-focused electron beams

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 9, no. 1, 1964, 126-131

TOPIC TAGS: electron tube, electron beam, electron beam tube, magnetically focused electron beam, thermal velocity effect

ABSTRACT: On the basis of the authors' simplified method (Radiotekhnika i elektronika, 1961, 6, 4, 656) and J. R. Pierce's, et al. fundamental relations (J. Appl. Phys., 1953, 24, 10, 1328), the effect is evaluated of thermal velocities in cylindrical and ribbon electron beams focused by a longitudinal magnetic field, with any degree of cathode shielding and with an allowance for the space charge. Good agreement is noted between the results of the authors' formulas and those of "more rigorous calculations" obtained by A. Szabo (IRE

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4009984

Trans., 1958, ED-5, 3, 183) and C. C. Cutler, et al. (Proc. IRE, 1953, 43, 3, 307). Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 7 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 10Dec62

DATE ACQ: 10Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: GE

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 003

Card
2/2

E 5090-66 EWT(1)/EPA(w)-2/EWA(m)-2 IJP(c) AT
ACCESSION NR: AP5020123
UR/0109/65/010/008/1461/1466
539.124, 18.043

AUTHOR: Bakhrakh, L. E.; Medoks, V. G.

39
B

TITLE: Effect of thermal velocities in a periodic electrostatic focusing of electron beams

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 10, no. 8, 1965, 1461-1466

TOPIC TAGS: electron beam

ABSTRACT: The effect of transverse thermal velocities of electrons upon the geometrical parameters of cylindrical and ribbon-type electron beams formed by a periodic electrostatic focusing is theoretically evaluated. It is found that the minimum pulsation condition, neglecting the thermal effect, can be accepted as a satisfactory approximation only with $\mu \approx 1$, where $\mu = U_z/U_1$; U_1 and U_z are the potentials on the diaphragms. For values μ essentially different from 1, the thermal-velocity effect increases and may result in considerable pulsations of the

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ACCESSION NR: AP5020123

boundaries of a cylindrical electron beam. In the case of a ribbon beam, the effect of thermal velocities may become considerable under certain focusing conditions and with thin beams. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 26 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 14May65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC, NP

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

JUKNEVICIUS, J.; KARVELIS, Vyt.; KATINAS, J.; MEDONIS, Ar., red.

[Anyksciai and vicinity] Anyksciai ir ju apylinkes.
Vilnius, Valstybine politines ir mokslines lit-ros
leidykla, 1959. 25 p. [In Lithuanian] (MIRA 18:1)

MEDONIS, A.; FRIDAITE, I., red.; VYSHOMIRSKIS, Ch.[Visomirskis, C.],
tekhn. red.

[Druskininkay] Druskininkai. Vil'nius, Gos. izd-vo polit. i
nauchn. lit-ry Litovskoi SSR, 1961. pamphlet. (MIRA 15:3)
(Druskininkay—Description)

SALUGA, R.; MEDONIS, A., red.; VYSOMIRSKIS, C., tekhn. red.

[Kernave] Kernave. Vilnius, Valstybine politines ir moklines
literaturos leidykla, 1960. 1 v. (MIRA 15:5)
(Kernave region—Description and travel)

LEBEDEVA, Yu.A.; MASKALOV, V.D.; CHUKOV, S.V.; CHUMAKOV, V.I.;
KAPLANAS, O. [translator]; MEDONIS, A., red.

[Protection against mass destruction weapons] Kaip saugotis
nuo masinio naikinimo ginklo. Vilnius, Valstybine politines
ir mokslines literaturos leidykla, 1962. 31 p. (MIRA 16:5)
(Civil defense)

MEDONIS, A.; GLIBAUŠKAITĖ, M., red.; VYŠOMIRSKIS, Ch. [Vysomirakis, C.]
tekhn. red.

[Along the Baltic seacoast] Po Baltiškam poberež'iu.
Vil'nius, Gospolitnauchizdat Lit.SSR, 1962. 47 p.
(MIRA 16:5)
(Baltic Sea region--Guidebooks)

YUSHENAYTE, Ya.[Jusenaite, J.]; MEDONIS, A.R.; KAPLANAS, O., red.;
VYSHOMIRSKIS, Ch.[Vyshomirskis, C.], tekhn. red.

[The resort of Druskininkai]Kurort Druskininkai. 2. ispr.
i dop. izd. Vilnius, Gos.izd-vo polit. i nauchn. lit-ry,
1962. 92 p. (MIRA 16:5)

(DRUSKININKAI--DESCRIPTION)

JUSENAITE, J.; MEDONIS, A.; KAPLANAS, O., red.; VYSOMIRSKIS, C.,
tekh. red.

[Druskininkai Health Resort] Druskininku kurortas. Vilnius,
Valstybine politines ir mokelines literaturos leidykla, 1962.
92 p. (MIRA 16:6)
(DRUSKININKAI--HEALTH RESORTS, WATERING-PLACES, ETC.)

MEDONIS, Ar.; KAPLANAS, O., red.; VYSOMIRSKIS, C., tekhn. red.

[Across Suduva] Po Suduva. Vilnius, Valstybine politines
ir mokslines literatūros leidykla, 1962. 103 p.

(MIRA 15:7)

(Lithuania—Description and travel)

MEDONIS, Ar.; KAPLANAS, O., red.; VYSOMIRSKIS, C., tekhn. red.

[Along the Baltic seashore] Baltijos pajuriu. Vilnius,
Valstybine politines ir mokelines literatos leidykla,
1962. (MIRA 16:7)
(Lithuania--Seashore)

KERSYS, J.; KAPLANAS, O.[translator]; MEDONIS, Ar., red.;
VYSOMIRSKIS, C., tekhn. red.

[State Regional Electric Power Station the reason of the
seven-year plan of Soviet Lithuania] Tarybu Lietuvos sep-
tynmecio svyturys. Vilnius, Valstybine politines ir
mokslines literaturos leidykla, 1962. 1 v. (MIRA 16:9)
(Lithuania—Electric power plants)

TRECIKAUSKAS, K.; MEDONIS, Ar., red.

[At the lakes of Igalina District] Prie Ignalinos ežerų.
Vilnius, Valstybinė politinės ir mokslinės literatūros leidykla,
1963. 1 v. [In Lithuanian] (MIRA 18:1)